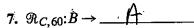
Practice 57 Some Basic Mappings

Lessons 14-1 through 14-5

Find the image of (-2, 4) under each transformation.

- 1. The translation $T: (x, y) \to (x 1, y + 3) = (-3, 7)$
- 2. Reflection in the x-axis $\frac{(-\lambda_1 4)^2}{(-\lambda_1 4)^2}$
- 3. Reflection in the y-axis (2,4)
- **4.** Reflection in the line y = x (4, -2)
- 5. $D_{0,\frac{1}{2}}$ $\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$
- 6. Glide-reflection: glide 3 units right, followed by reflection in the x-axis (1,-4)

 $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle ADC$ are equilateral triangles. R_x and R_y are reflections in the x- and y-axes, respectively. Complete.



8.
$$R_y:\overline{BC}\to \underline{BP}$$

9.
$$H_O:\overline{AD}\to \underline{\overline{AD}}$$

7.
$$\Re_{C,60}: B \to A$$

8. $R_y: \overline{BC} \to B$

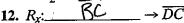
9. $H_O: \overline{AD} \to \overline{CC}$

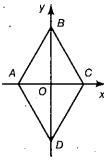
10. $D_{C,\frac{1}{2}}: \overline{AC} \to \overline{CC}$

11. $\Re_{A,-120}: \overline{AD} \to \overline{AD}$

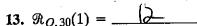
12. $R_x: \overline{BC} \to \overline{DC}$

11.
$$\Re_{A,-120}$$
: AB $\rightarrow \overline{AD}$





The numbers 1 to 12 are equally spaced around the face of a clock. Find the number that is the image of each number under the following rotations.



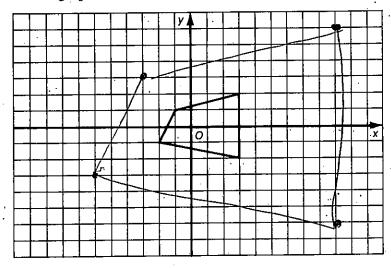
13.
$$\Re_{O,30}(1) =$$
 14. $\Re_{O,90}(6) =$ 3

15.
$$\Re_{O,180}:8 \to$$

15.
$$\Re_{O,180}:8 \to 2$$
 16. $\Re_{O,120}:10 \to 6$



17. On the graph below, draw the image of the figure under the dilation $D_{O,3}$.



Transformations

For use after Chapter 14

Exercises 1-3 refer to the function $f: x \to 2x^2 - 1$.

1. Find f(2).

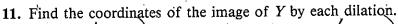
- "2. Find f(-2). ____
- 3. Is f a one-to-one function? $\underline{\bigcirc}$

Refer to the figure. In Exercise 6, k is the line y = x.

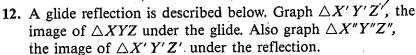
- 4. $R_x: A \rightarrow (5, -2)$
- 6. $R_k: C \to (-Y'_{-})$
- 5. $R_y: B \to \underbrace{\left(\begin{array}{c} 1,2 \\ 7. \Re_{B,90}: C \to A \end{array}\right)}$

In Exercises 8-10 use the translation $T:(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 1, y + 3)$. Refer to the figure.

- 8. $T: A \rightarrow (\underline{\ \ \ \ })$ and $T: C \rightarrow (\underline{\ \ \ \ \ })$. 9. Find AC and A'C'. $AC = (\sqrt{2}, A'C' = \sqrt{2})$.
- 10. Find the preimage of (3, 4).

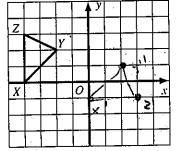


- a. $D_{0,2} = (-4, 4)$
- **b.** $D_{O_1} = \frac{1}{2}$



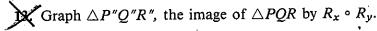
Glide: All points move right 3 units.

Reflection: All points are reflected in the line y = x.

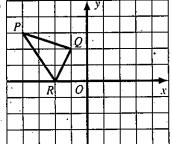


Exs. 4-10

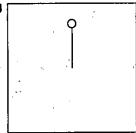
Exs. 11, 12



Ex. 13



Ex. 14



Complete the figure at the right above so that it has 90°, 180°, and 270° rotational symmetry. How many lines of symmetry

does the completed figure have? __

If $S:(x, y) \to (x - 1, y + 2)$, then $S^{-1}:(x, y) \to$

and $S^{-1} \circ S : (x, y) \rightarrow$

Practice 59

Chapter 14 Practice

In Exercises 1–4 use the mapping $T:(x, y) \rightarrow (2x, y - 4)$.

- 1. What is the image of (2,3)? (4-1)
- 2. What is the preimage of (-8, 2)? (-4, 0)
- 3. Does T appear to be an isometry? \bigcirc

 \nearrow The rule for T^{-1} is $T^{-1}:(x,y) \rightarrow$

In Exercises 5–12, find the coordinates of each image point.

5.
$$R_x:(1,4) \rightarrow \underbrace{\left(\right) - 4}$$

6.
$$R_y:(3,1) \to (-3/1)$$

7.
$$R_i:(-2,-1) \rightarrow (-3,5)$$

8.
$$D_{O,2}:(-2,-1) \rightarrow (-4,-2)$$

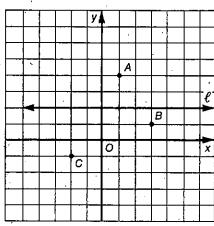
9. $H_O:(1,4) \rightarrow (-1,-4)$

9.
$$H_O:(1,4) \to (-1,-4)$$

$$R_l \circ R_x : (-2, -1) \to \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$R_y \circ H_O: (-2, -1) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$P_{l} : R_{l} \circ D_{O,2} : (3,1) \to \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$



Exs. 5-12

Tell whether the regular hexagon shown below has the following symmetries.

Point symmetry _____

14. Line symmetry _____

90° rotational symmetry _____

Exercises 16-21 refer to regular hexagon GHIDEF.

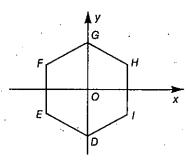
16.
$$\Re_{O,120}(G) =$$

17.
$$\Re_{O,180}(I) =$$

18.
$$R_x(F) =$$

Y2:
$$H_O \circ R_y : F \to \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$\Re_{O,120} \circ \Re_{O,240}: D \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

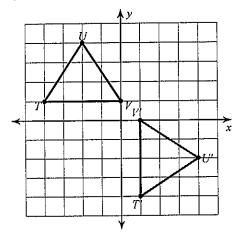


Exs. 13-21

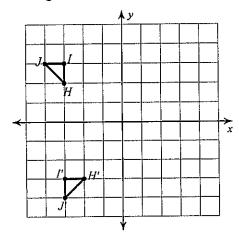
Transformations Practice

Graph the image of the figure using the transformation given.

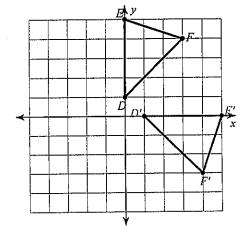
1) reflection across y = x



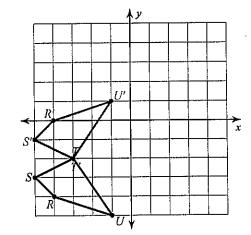
2) rotation 90° counterclockwise about the origin



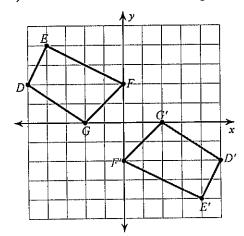
3) rotation 90° clockwise about the origin



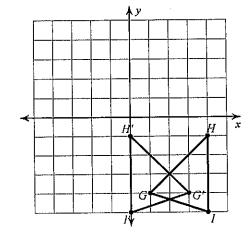
4) reflection across y = -2



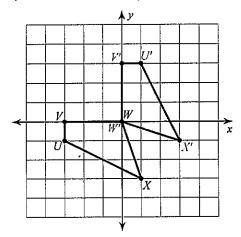
5) rotation 180° about the origin



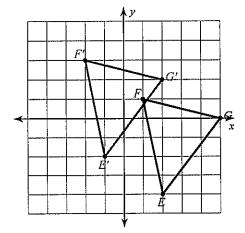
6) reflection across x = 2



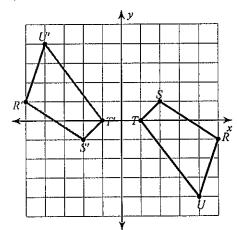
7) reflection across y = -x



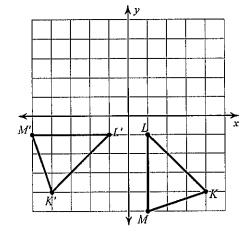
8) translation: 3 units left and 2 units up



9) rotation 180° about the origin

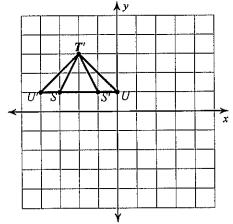


10) rotation 90° clockwise about the origin



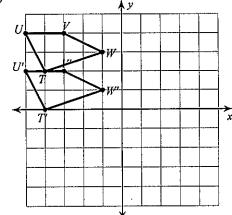
Write a rule to describe each transformation.

11)



reflection across x = -2

12)



translation: 2 units down

