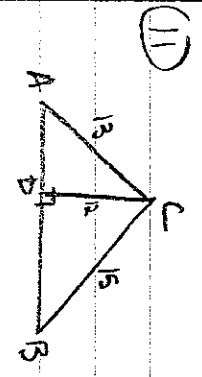


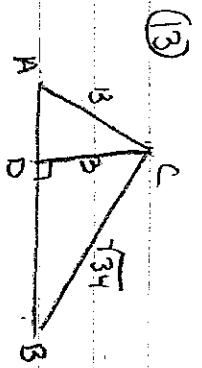
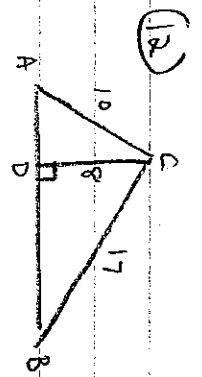
8, 3

(9)  $(ST)^2 + 12^2 = 13^2$   $\rightarrow 25 \square 4^2 + 3^2$   
 $(ST)^2 = 25$   $\rightarrow 25 = 16 + 9 \rightarrow R.t. \Delta$

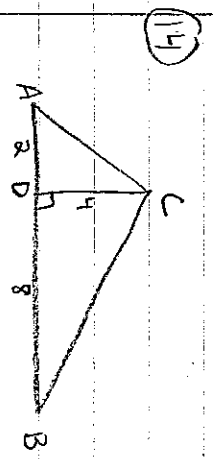
(10)  $8^2 + (BC)^2 = 10^2$   $\rightarrow 11^2 \square 36 + 7^2$   
 $(BC)^2 = 36$   $\rightarrow 12 \square 36 > 85 \rightarrow$  obtuse  $\Delta$



$12^2 + AD^2 = 13^2$   $12^2 + DB^2 = 15^2$   $8^2 + AD^2 = 10^2$   $8^2 + DB^2 = 17^2$   $3^2 + AD^2 = 13^2$   $3^2 + DB^2 = (34)^2$   
 $AD = 5$   $DB = 9$   $AD = 6$   $DB = 15$   $AD = \sqrt{160}$   $DB = 5$   
 $AB = 14$   $AB = 21$   $AD = 4\sqrt{10}$



$15^2 \square 13^2 + 14^2$   $225 \square 365$   $21^2 \square 10^2 + 17^2$   $441 \square 389$   $(4\sqrt{10} + 5)^2 \square 13^2 + (34)^2$   
 $225 < 365$   $441 > 389$   $160 + 40\sqrt{10} + 25 \square 203$   
 $\approx 311.5 \square 203$   
 acute  $\rightarrow$  obtuse  $\rightarrow$  obtuse



(15)  $20^2 < X^2 + (X+4)^2$

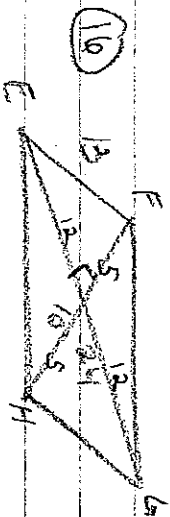
$8^2 + 4^2 = CB^2$   $2^2 + 4^2 = AC^2$   $400 < X^2 + X^2 + 8X + 16$   $400 < 2X^2 + 8X + 16$   $394 < 2X^2 + 8X - 384$   $400 < 2X^2 + 8X - 192$   $0 < 2(X^2 + 4X - 192)$   $0 < 2(X+16)(X-12)$   $100 \leq 25 + 10\sqrt{10} + 25$   $\rightarrow$  longer side

$\sqrt{80} = CB$   $\sqrt{20} = AC$   $4\sqrt{5} = CB$   $2\sqrt{5} = AC$   $AB = 10$   $10^2 < (4\sqrt{5})^2 + (2\sqrt{5})^2$   $100 < 80 + 20$   $100 < 100$   $X + 4 < 20$   $X < 16$

Either:  $(X+16) > 0 + (X-12) > 0$  OR  $(X+16) < 0 + (X-12) < 0$   
 $X > -16$  AND  $X > 12$  OR  $X < -16$  AND  $X < 12$

$12 < X < 16$   $\rightarrow$  Discard

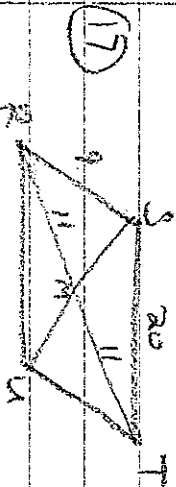
Right  $\rightarrow$



$$13^2 \boxed{>} 5^2 + 13^2$$

$$169 \boxed{=} 169$$

RT,  $\Delta \rightarrow$  diag  $\perp \rightarrow$  all sides = 13  
 $\downarrow$   
 rhombus



$$20^2 \boxed{>} 9^2 + 20^2$$

$$484 \boxed{>} 481$$

First obtuse of its supp,  $\angle SMU$  is acute  
 Sides incl.  $\rightarrow$  2 sides  $\Delta \cong$  to 2 sides of another  $\Delta$  +  
 incl.  $\angle$  is larger  $\rightarrow$  side opp. incl.  $\angle$  is longer

$$RT > SU \rightarrow \boxed{RM > SM}$$

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$$(axy)^2 + (x^2 - y^2)^2$$

$$4x^2y^2 + x^4 - 2x^2y^2 + y^4$$

$$x^4 + 2x^2y^2 + y^4$$

$$= (x^2 + y^2)^2$$

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